Appendix B: City Growth and Resources – 2017-18 Statutory Performance Indicator Metrics

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| Performance Data Traffic Light | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----|--|--|--|
| Green | 13 | | | |
| Data Only | 10 | | | |
| Amber | 1 | | | |

| City Growth | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|----------|------------|
| Performance Measure | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | Status | Long Trend |
| Performance measure | Value | Value | Status | |
| Number of visits to museums - in person | 104,407 | 110,367 | ② | |
| | | | | |
| Proportion of Activity Agreement Completers in a positive destination | 78.4% | 88.9% | ② | |
| Proportion of 16-19-year olds in a positive participation destination | 89.4% | 89.8% | ② | • |
| | | | | |

| Strategic Place Planning | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|----------|------------|--|
| Daufaumannaa Manauma | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | Chahua | Long Trand | |
| Performance Measure | Value | Value | Status | Long Trend | |
| Average Determination Times of Major Development Planning Applications (weeks) | 46.9 | 23.1 | ② | • | |
| Average Determination Times of Non- Householder Local Planning Applications (weeks) | 12.8 | 10.2 | ② | | |
| Average Determination Times of Householder Planning Applications (weeks) | 8.9 | 7.3 | ② | • | |

| Building Warrant Performance | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|----------|---|
| No of first reports issued within 20 working days – target 90% | 91% | 84% | ② | • |
| Time to grant a building warrant | 73 days | 65 days | | • |

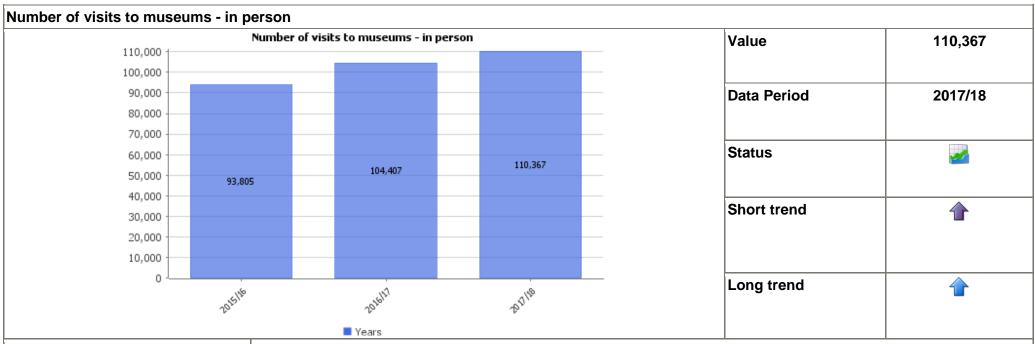
| Corporate Landlord | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|----------|------------|--|
| Performance Measure | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | Status | Long Trond | |
| Performance Measure | Value | Value | Status | Long Trend | |
| Percentage of council buildings in which all public areas are suitable for and accessible to disabled people | 82.01% | 81.88% | <u> </u> | • | |
| Percentage of internal floor area of operational accommodation that is in a satisfactory condition. | 94.3% | 96.0% | ② | • | |
| The proportion of operational accommodation that is suitable for its current use. | 72.8% | 74.2% | ② | • | |
| The required maintenance cost of operational assets per square metre | £104.74 | £96.00 | ⊘ | • | |
| | | | | | |
| Building and Streetlighting Carbon Emissions | 34,365 tonnes | 31,829 tonnes | | | |

| Finance | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|----------|------------|
| Devformance Measure | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | Chahue | Long Trand |
| Performance Measure | Value | Value | Status | Long Trend |
| Council-wide efficiencies as a percentage of revenue budget | 5.8% | 4.6% | | • |
| Cost of overall accountancy function per £1,000 of net expenditure | £6.86 | £6.36 | ② | • |

| People and Organisation | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|--------|------------|
| Deufe weep as Managers | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | Chahua | Lang Trand |
| Performance Measure | Value | Value | Status | Long Trend |

| Cost of overall human resources function per $£1,000$ of net expenditure | £6.34 | £5.70 | ② | • |
|--|-----------|------------|----------|----------|
| | | | | |
| Percentage of disabled employees | 2.9% | 2.7% | | • |
| Percentage of part-time female employees | 31.5% | 34.2% | | • |
| Percentage of full-time female employees | 36.4% | 34.9% | ~ | • |
| Percentage of part-time male employees | 3.8% | 4.3% | <u>~</u> | • |
| Percentage of full-time male employees | 28.2% | 26.6% | <u>~</u> | • |
| | | | | |
| The average number of working days per employee lost through sickness absence for teachers | 6.1 days | 4.83 days | Ø | û |
| The average number of working days per employee lost through sickness absence for other local government employees | 11.6 days | 11.65 days | | • |
| | | | | |
| Percentage of council employees in top 5% of earners that are women | 48.53% | 64.66% | <u></u> | • |

| | PI Status Long Term Trends | | Short Term Trends | | |
|----------|----------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| | Alert | 1 | Improving/Increasing | | Improving/Increasing |
| | Warning | - | No Change | - | No Change |
| ② | ок | - | Getting Worse/Decreasing | 4 | Getting Worse/Decreasing |
| ? | Unknown | | | | |
| | Data Only | | | | |



Analysis

The number of physical visits to Aberdeen Maritime Museum and the Tolbooth Museum has increased by 5% from 104,407 in 2016/17 to 110,367 in 2017/18. This is the highest combined attendance figure for the current operational venues to date.

The Maritime Museum exceeded 80,000 visits for the second consecutive year whilst the latter venue recorded a ten-year attendance high of over 28,000 visits, illustrating that the programmes of exhibitions, talks and events continue to be relevant to residents and visitors to the City.

2,084 people have participated in the pre-booked tours and activities offered at Aberdeen Treasure Hub in its first full year of operation, significantly in advance of the initial year target, whilst some additional 5,200 participations were recorded against the Service's outreach programming, including talks, concerts and exhibit placements.

Chief Officer Richard Sweetnam Percentage of Activity Agreement completers entering a positive destination Value Percentage of Activity Agreement completers entering a positive destination Data Period 90.0% 80.0% Status 70.0% 60.0% Short trend 88.9% 50.0% 78.4% 76.7% 40.0% Long trend 30.0% 20.0%

Years

Analysis

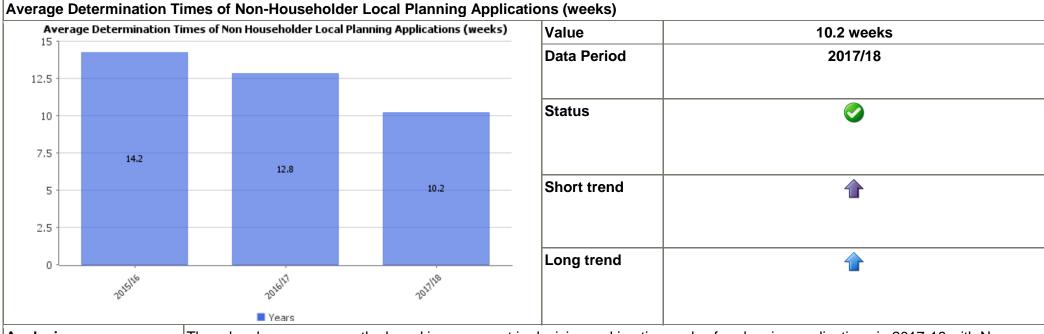
At conclusion of the fiscal period, a total of 32 of the 36 (88.9%) participants engaged by the Activity Agreement team in the previous 12 months, were recorded as being in a positive destination on completion of the engagement period.

88.9%

2017/18

This represents a significant rise in the proportion of young people experiencing a positive outcome as a result of this intervention, and above the service objective for the year. This was accompanied by a reduction in the number of young people who disengaged from the programme prematurely. In terms of destinations, the overwhelming majority of participants moved on to either further education or returned to school education whilst the remainder were supported into training-based opportunities.

| In terms of engagement levels, the service supported three more participants to a positive destination at the point of completion and one less young person was referred to, and accepted onto the programme, than in 2016-17. In a material enhancement to the offer provided by the Activity Agreement programme, introduced in full this year, the proportion of participants who were in receipt of dedicated aftercare support, enhancing the sustainability of positive destinations at the point of leaving the programme was 100%. Richard Sweetnam |
|--|
| In terms of angagement levels, the corvice supported three more participants to a positive dectination at the point of |

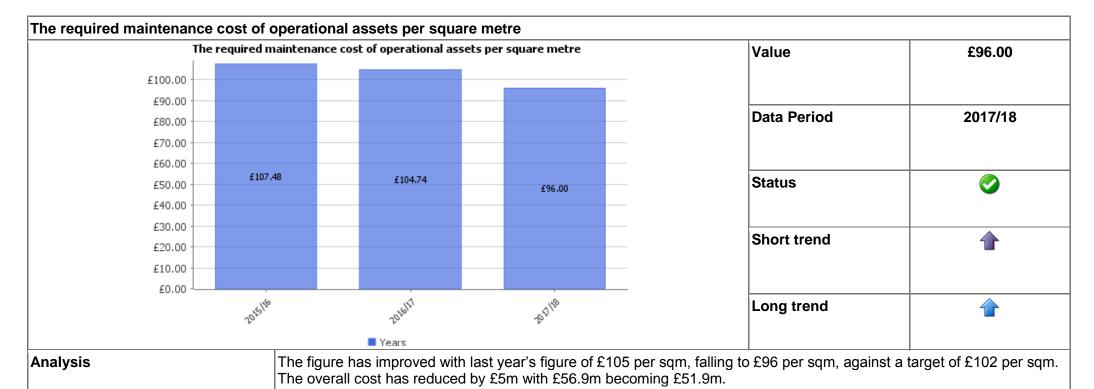


Analysis

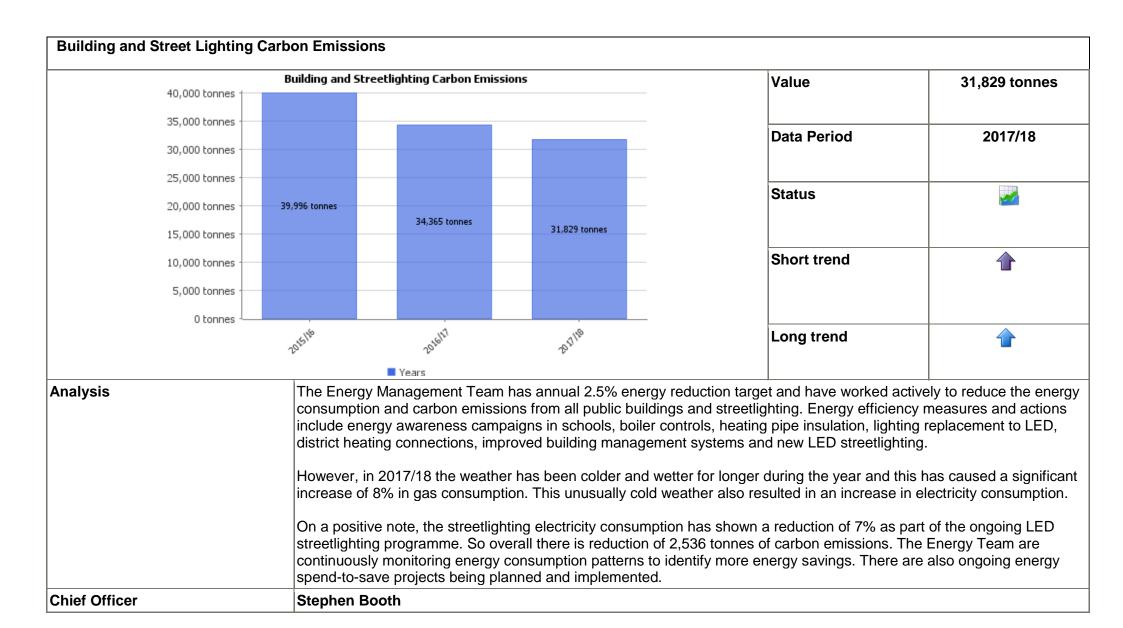
There has been an across the board improvement in decision making timescales for planning applications in 2017-18 with Non-Householder applications (above) showing the largest sustained long-term progress.

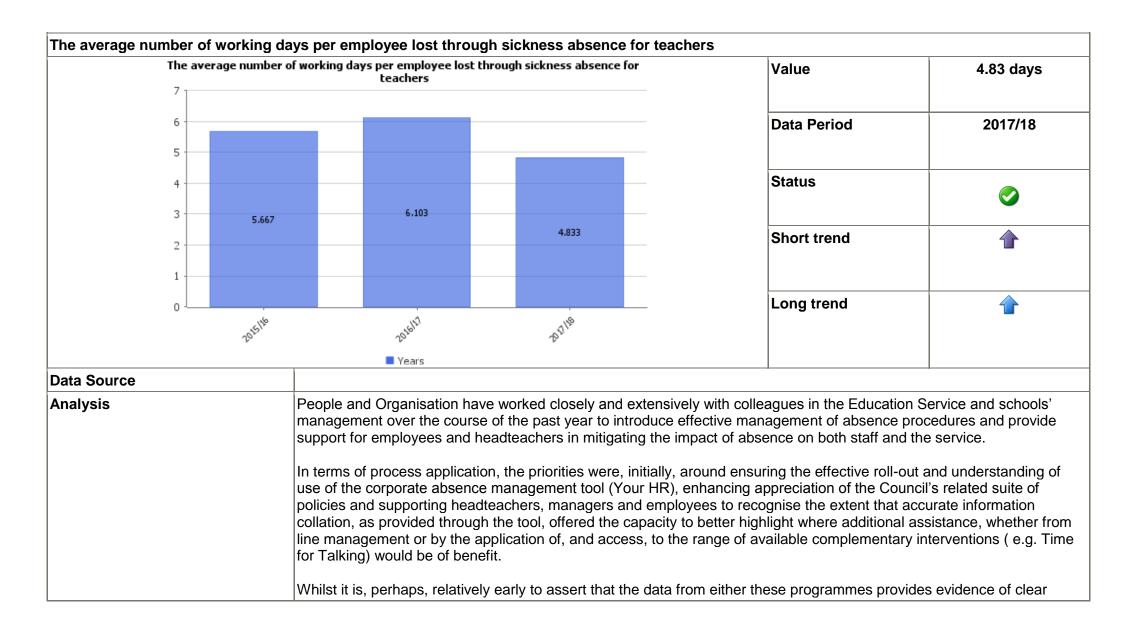
The improved determination times in all three planning application categories have been achieved by continuing the systematic use of project planning, success in promoting uptake of processing agreements by applicants (up from 11.7% in 2016-17 to 42.5% in 2017-18) and accurate use of "stop the clock" where delays in determination have been outside the control of the planning authority.

| Chief Officer | of the available resource. Gale Beattie |
|---------------|--|
| | categories of application have fallen more significantly (e.g. Major – 18%, Local Non-Householder – 17% Householder – 26%). At the same time, the proportion of application per case officer has increased slightly, placing the improvement trend in the context |
| | This is set against a backdrop of a decline in the total number of applications of just less than 10 percent from 1173 to 1122. Some |
| | The improvement in the speed of determination of major applications is particularly noteworthy given the importance of such development to the sustainable economic growth of the City, although this is a similar outcome to 2015/16. |



| Chief Officer | Steven Booth |
|---------------|---|
| | The completion of capital projects at the Art Gallery, Lochside Academy, Stoneywood Primary and the Music Hall will help improve the figure over the next 12 months. Improvements will also continue to be made through the C&S programme. Further decline in assets identified during the current survey programme is difficult to predict. However, this will not offset all the programmed C&S work and capital projects. Taking this into account a target of £86 sqm has been set for next year. |
| | The C&S Programme will continue to allow for targeted priority capital spend. This will result in improvements to specific assets, but assets not included in the programme may decline. The resurvey of assets during the fourth cycle of the condition survey programme will continue to pick up such decline in condition. |
| | The overall floor area has reduced by 2,600 sqm and the number of properties has reduced by seven. The closure of Cordyce and the lease termination at Tarves Road reduced the required maintenance by £2.2m. Continued investment from the C&S programme has seen a reduction across a number of buildings including the Beach Ballroom. A number of new buildings including Orchard Brae and Altens East Office have become operational, which has had a positive impact on the figure. |





positive impacts for employees – most phases of the Absence Management and Health and Safety Improvement Plan were aligned with the commencement of the academic year – the increased accuracy and visibility of 'case management' information has been invaluable in identifying and addressing micro-trends in absence levels. It has also provided opportunities for the development of discrete service level tools and dashboards and embedding of these within the processes of strategic change that individual Services have been delivering, ensuring consistency and continuity of approach.

Targeting of Support

The availability of enhanced 'condition' information relating to absences, and an improved understanding of how these might influence the length of potential absence, is enabling earlier and more appropriate interventions and allowing managers to track, at an individual level, the effectiveness of their management of absence from work and, for employees, improves confidence that conditions and circumstances which may be preventing an early return to work are better understood by managers.

In these terms, the identification of two core areas influenced by 'preventative condition management', approaches-musculo-skeletal and psychological issues, have formed the basis of targeted support and interventions for teaching staff in the past 12 months in an effort to both mitigate risks attached to the causation, and unnecessary prevention, of a sustainable return to work arising from these conditions.

Overview

Assistance, co-ordinated and delivered through People and Organisation business partner and support teams, is offered to headteachers and managers to support employee returns to work, (and help them remain at work following a period of absence) through a range of provisions that, in addition to application of the policy, and practical absence management tools, is designed to mitigate against the likelihood, impact and consequences of absence at an individual level.

The following represents a sample of the interventions that are available to Council employees, including teaching staff, which support the policy frameworks, and are designed to prevent or reduce extended absence periods.

Employment Adjustments

- Implementation of modified or adjusted duties on an ongoing basis, to help support a sustainable return to work.
- The use of phased returns to work, after periods of extended absence, provides options for modified duties and hours on a temporary basis.

- Availability of Disability Leave for employees with underlying medical conditions for planned absences directly related to these disabilities.
- Examining flexible working options.

Preventative Measures

- Use of stress risk assessments to identify causation and implement mitigations
- Application of DSE assessments to identify and implement workstation adjustments

Employee Support

- Access to the Employee Assistance Programme (Time for Talking)
- Referrals for physiotherapy treatments through occupational health provider
- Access to chaplaincy support via the Council Chaplain
- Signposting of employees to the support available through Access to Work

Council employees, through the 'My Employment', 'My Benefits' and OIL Training frameworks on the Zone, also have access to a range of work management courses and tools delivered both directly by People and Organisation, and therapeutic activities made available through partnerships with external providers, that offer assistance, preventative guidance and material support for those who may be at risk of recurring or extended absence.

Whilst national comparator data against this measure is not currently available, it is likely that this level of employee absence will place the authority positively in terms of the outcome, given that the average upper quartile 'cut-off' over the previous three years sits at 5.46 days, with a national average of 6.15 days

Interim Chief Officer

Morven Spalding